ECMAScript and E4X

Seminar OHJ-1860: Web-Oriented Software Development

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ECMAScript

- ECMA (The European Computer Manufacturers Association) has developed standards for information and communication systems since 1961
- Standardized version of JavaScript is called ECMAScript (ECMA-262, ISO-16262) 1999
- Invented and first used by Netscape
- Several versions of JavaScript (JScript used in Internet Explorer)
- ECMAScript for XML (E4X) adds native XML support in JavaScript
- ECMA-357 (E4X) was standardized in June 2004



- JavaScript is a lightweight, object-oriented, scripting language
- A scripting language:
 - runs within a host environment
 - used for manipulating existing functionality
- A host supporting the specification makes JavaScript executable
- Web browser provides a host for client-side application
- Enables manipulating browser objects (windows, pop-ups, events..)
- A server can provide host for server-side computation



Language

- Object-based: objects have properties (object, value, method)
- A dynamically typed language (data types are converted automatically during script execution)
- No proper classes like, e.g., in C++ and Java
- Constructors are used for creating and initializing objects
- Prototype-based inheritance (a constructor has a prototype property, an object has a reference to its prototype)
- The specification doesn't describe the DOM



A JavaScript can be used to?

- Develop client-side programs
- Gives a programming tool to HTML developers
- To give feedback to the users (e.g., allerts, dialogs)
- Dynamic HTML pages (e.g., animated graphics, dynamic menus)
- React on events (mouse, window, key, and form events)
- Processing HTML (e.g., adding and deleting nodes)
- Data processing and validaling (passwords, email addresses, forms)
- Detect visitor information (e.g., browser version)
- Create cookies



A JavaScript can't be used to?

- Read or write the client-side file system. A good thing.
- Read or write the server-side file system. One should use, e.g., CGI scripts (Perl, Python, PHP) (e.g. writing log files, storing visitor information).
- Access windows and Web pages, which are opened by someone else



XML for ECMAScript (E4X)

Motivation

- Increasing use of XML (XML data, XHTML, SOAP, WSDL, deployment descriptors, XSLT, Schema....)
- Current XML processing techniques
 - The document Object Model (DOM)
 - The Extensible Stylesheet Language (XSLT)
 - Object Mapping in JavaScript (XML object + JavaScript object)



E4X

Design Principles

- **Simple**: to simplify common programming tasks
- **Consistent**: internal consistent
- Framiliar: use of common JavaScript operators for handling XML
- **Minimal**: the set of new operators should be kept to a minimum
- Loose Coupling: minimal dependencies to external data formats
- **Complementary**: integrating well with other XML manipulating techniques (such as xPath and XSLT)



E4X

• Easy way to define XML documents as JavaScript objects

```
var library = <library>
<items>
<item id="312A-1">
<name>I like XML</name>
<isbn>0-445-333</isbn>
</item>
```

</items></library>

• Easy to load and store XML documents

```
var xmlDoc = new XML()
xmlDoc.load("addressBook.xml")
document.write(xmlDoc)
```

- Indexing of elements item0=doc.item[0]
- Adding and deleting nodes delete.doc@c; doc.insertChildAfter(doc.b[1], newNode);
- XPath like queries (e.g. based on element name, attribute value) myNode = doc.item.(@id=="123"); allName = doc..@name;



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E4X

E4X support

- A beta version of the *Mozilla 1.8* has limited support for E4X
- *Mozilla Rhino*, an open-souce implementation of JavaScript
- Later versions of IE expected to support E4X (an estimate IE7)
- The first browser to support E4X was expected to be Firefox 1.1. But it wasn't..?
- Example is tested and works with *Firefox 1.5*
- Not so many good sources of examples availabe
- Use of XML header <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?> ?



Resources

- Negrino, Tom and Smith, Dori: *JavaScript for the World Wide Web Visual Quickstart Quide. Fift Edition.* Peachpit Press, 2004. See the examples at URL http://www.javascriptworld.com/index.html.
- ECMAScript Language Scecification (ECMA-262), December 1999. 3nd Edition. At URL http://www.ecma-international.org/.
- ECMAScript for XML (E4X) Scecification (ECMA-357), December 2005. 2nd Edition. At URL http://www.ecma-international.org/. At URL http://www.ecma-international.org/.
- http://xml.coverpages.org/ECMAScript-XML.html
- http://www.w3schools.com/



Thank you

Examples..



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